



扫码查看解析

2021年河南省许昌市中考一模试卷





英语

注：满分为90分。

二、阅读理解（20小题，每小题10分，共40分）阅读下面四篇语言材料，然后按文后要求做题。

1.

Science Facts	
Enjoy our fun science facts for kids. Learn interesting earth facts, amazing chemistry facts, cool space facts	
Contents	
Animals Facts·····P1 – 10	Physics Facts·····P51 – 65
Human Body Facts···P11 – 22	Weather Facts·····P66 – 77
Technology Facts·····P23 – 30	Space Facts·····P78 – 83
Food Facts·····P31 – 43	Chemistry Facts·····P84 – 91
Water Facts·····P44 – 50	Sound Facts·····P92 – 100

	<p>Fact 1</p> <p>Researchers have found the key to communicating with your cat. They say cats will appear friendlier to humans who use eye-narrowing facial expressions.</p>		<p>Fact 2</p> <p>Sharks might have the healthiest teeth among all animals. Sharks have a fluoride coating on their teeth, and it keeps the teeth from becoming bad. That's why most of our toothpaste has fluoride in it.</p>
	<p>Fact 3</p> <p>Earwax is made by the body to protect the ears. It prevents dirty things from getting farther into the ear. Earwax normally comes out of your ear naturally so it's not a good idea to try to take it out yourself unless it is causing health problem.</p>		<p>Fact 4</p> <p>When you play back the voice messages that you record, you might find that they sound different from, your speaking voice. That is because when we speak, while our recorded voice passes through the air instead.</p>

Word bank	
eye-narrowing	眯起眼睛的
fluoride	氟化物
toothpaste	牙膏
earwax	耳垢
bone	骨头



扫码查看解析

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

- (1) What do Fact 1 and Fact 2 have in common?
A. They talk about friendly animals. B. They mention humans' influence.
C. They both belong to Animal Facts. D. They explain chemistry knowledge.
 - (2) On which page may we read about Fact 3?
A. P15. B. P35. C. P63. D. P87.
 - (3) What does our own voice we hear travel through when we're speaking?
A. The air. B. The teeth. C. The earwax. D. The bones in ears.
 - (4) Which of the following reviews by the readers is right about the text?
A. I understand now why most toothpaste has fluoride.
B. What a great surprise! Cats can narrow their eyes.
C. It helps me realize the importance of communication.
D. What a great book !I 've learned some ways to protect sharks.
 - (5) Where is the text most probably from?
A. A guidebook. B. A science book, C. A film review. D. A shopping poster.
2. Last weekend at the airport, I had some extra time before going through security to catch my flight. While wondering what to do, I decided it was the perfect time and place to look for an act of kindness to do.
- Outside security there was a girl having flowers for sale. I told her that I'd like to buy flowers for someone else, and she could decide who to give them to. She looked a little confused, so I suggested perhaps she should give them to someone who looked a little sad. That was because he or she might need some cheering up.
- At first, the girl answered. "That's crazy. "But then I explained a little more about the idea of doing something kind for a stranger, and she understood.
- "Ill never know how it turns out, " I said. "But you will have the opportunity to make someone have a good day. " At the time, she started to seem excited about it.
- She went to take the flowers out of the water they were sitting in, and I explained, "It's fine to leave them there until the person you want to cheer up comes. "
- At that point, I think she was between surprised and happy, because it might be her first time to meet a customer like me. I paid for the flowers, and joined in the security line. What a nice day I had!

Word bank Security 安检 Confused 困惑的 author 作者

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

- (1) Paragraph 2 mainly tells us that_____ .
A. the author wanted to buy flowers for the girl.
B. the author wanted to buy flowers for someone that is happy
C. the author wanted the girl to buy flowers for herself.



扫码查看解析

- D. the author wanted to buy flowers from the girl.
- (2) Why did the author think the airport was the perfect place to do something kind?
- A. Because there were many people at the airport.
B. Because he had some extra time to catch his flight.
C. Because he was excited to take the plane.
D. Because he thought the airport was very beautiful.
- (3) What did the girl think of the author at first?
- A. Kind. B. Crazy. C. Bored. D. Rich.
- (4) What did the girl do after she understood what the author's words?_
- A. She was too happy to say a word. B. She thought the author was a mad man.
C. She went to take the flowers out of the water. D. She gave the flowers to the author.
- (5) From the passage we know that_____.
- A. the author was a kind person B. the author liked the girl C. the girl liked flowers
D. the girl was the author's friend.

3. When we see well, we do not think about our eyes very often. It is only when we cannot see perfectly that we realize how important our eyes are.

People who are near-sighted can only see things that are very close to their eyes, Everything else seems blurry (模糊的). Many people who do a lot of work, reading and sewing become near - sighted.

People who are far-sighted suffer from just the opposite problem. They can see things that are far away, but they have difficulty in reading a book unless they hold it at arm's length. If they want to do much reading , they must get glasses

Other people do not see clearly because their eyes are not exactly the right shape. They have what is called astigmatism (散光). This, too (白内障). Long ago these people often became blind. Now, however

Having two good eyes is important for judging distances. Each eye sees things from a slightly different angle (角度). To prove this to yourself, look at an object our of one eye

- (1) We should take good care of our eyes_____.
- A. only when we can see well B. only when we cannot see perfectly
C. even if we can see well D. only when we realize how important our eyes are
- (2) When things far away seem indistinct (模糊不清) , one is probably_____.
- A. near-sighted B. far-sighted C. astigmatic D. suffering from cataracts
- (3) The underlined word suffer in the third paragraph probably means_____.
- A. experience B. imagine C. feel pain D. are affected with
- (4) Having two eyes instead of one is particularly useful for_____.
- A. seeing at night B. seeing objects far away C. looking over a wide area
D. judging distances
- (5) People who suffer from astigmatism have_____.
- A. one eye bigger than the other B. eyes that are not exactly the right shape
C. a difficulty that can be corrected by an operation
D. an eye difficulty that cannot be corrected by glasses



扫码查看解析

4. 请阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容, 从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项

What is life's greatest gift? It is choice. Choice is the ability to choose some actions from a set of things to achieve a goal. (1) _____ The reason is that it turns us from dumb animals into artists. Choice becomes the tool we use to sculpt (雕刻) our life. The tool doesn't come free, however (2) _____ It is enjoyment.

Choice is power. Choice is at the heart of life. It's the creative power of life. Life is always changing and we have to make lots of choices. (3) _____ We often need to check where we are on our journey. We need to ask questions: Am I moving closer to my goals? If not, what action will I take now to make myself realize my goals?

(4) _____ And our life becomes more convenient or comfortable because of them. For example, you decide which stores to shop at and which bus station to go to. But the decisions that we make to sculpt our lives are much more important than deciding where to shop. The more we understand the difference between small and big decisions, the more pleasure we will get.

Life is like a chess game. (5) _____ All chess lovers realize that it isn't necessary to win to enjoy the game. Make the best moves you can under the conditions. Then you can enjoy your life.

- A. Why is choice so great?
- B. The pleasure is in the playing.
- C. In fact, we have to make choices every day.
- D. But when we accept and carry it out, we get a great return.
- E. Every choice we make leads us closer to or farther from our goals.

四、语篇填空 (15小题, 每小题10分, 共15分) 第一节阅读短文, 从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空, 使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词, 每词限用一次。

5.

who year mean from way I since quiet get excited

A father said to his son when he graduated (1) _____ university. "Here's a car I bought (2) _____ ago. Before I give it to you, take it to the second - hand car market, and tell them that I want to sell it and see how much money they will offer you. "

The son went there , returned and said to his father (3) _____ \$ 1, 000 because it looks pretty old. "

The father said, "Take it to the pawn shop. " The son went to the pawn shop. After (4) _____ back, he said to his father, "The pawn shop offered just \$ 100. "

In a (5) _____ voice, the father asked his son to go to a car club and show them the car. The son took the car to the club, returned and told his father (6) _____, " Some people in the club offered \$ 100, 000 for it, (7) _____ it's a Nissan Skyline R34. "

The father said to his son, "I want you to know the right place values you in the right (8) _____. If you're not valuable, don't be angry. It (9) _____ you're in the wrong place. Those who know your value are people (10) _____ appreciate you. Never stay in a



扫码查看解析

place where no one sees your value.

Word bank
 Pawn shop 当铺
 appreciate 欣赏

五、阅读短文，根据语篇要求填空，使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。

6. Big data (数据) is a lot of sets of information which (1) _____ put together so they can be used by a computer program. The computer program looks for different kinds of answers or patterns in the data.

Big data can be used in many ways. The government uses (2) _____ to understand how many people travel on buses or trains. This information is then used (3) _____ make bus or train systems better. Some schools use big data to understand which children may need extra help in class. Then the teacher can give certain students more help or support, (4) _____ those students can succeed in the school. Companies use big data, too. It helps them understand who buys their products. For example, one company uses weather data to see when people eat (5) _____ most ice-cream.

六、补全对话 (5小题，每小题10分，共10分)

7. 根据下面的对话情景，在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子，使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A: Hey, Meimei, The Winter Olympics will be held in Beijing on February 4th in 2022. (1) _____

B: Yes. I really like watching the Winter Olympics.

A: Me, too. And I also like the Olympic torch.

B: There will be an opening ceremony on that day. (2) _____

A: Really? I'm looking forward to it.

B: (3) _____

A: I love to watch team events.

B: I enjoy watching both men's and women's skating. The skaters are so amazing.

A: (4) _____

B: I think so. That's why they are chosen to take part in the great game. And they also look so beautiful and cool on the ice.

A: (5) _____

B: OK. See you in Beijing.

Word bank
 Torch 火炬
 opening ceremony 开幕式

七、书面表达 (20分)

8. 学校组织过很多社会实践活动。请你写一篇不少于100词的短文，介绍一下你参加的一次活动。在这次活动中你去了哪里，做了什么

提示问题:

•Where did you go?



扫码查看解析

- What did you do during the activity?

- How do you feel?

My Social Practice Activity