

2021年河南省许昌市中考一模试卷

英语

注:满分为90分。

二、阅读理解(20小题,每小题10分,共40分)阅读下面四篇语言材料,然后按文后要求做题。

1.

Science Facts
Enjoy our fun science facts for kids. Learn interesting earth facts, amazing chemistry facts, co
ol space facts
Contents
Animals Facts·····P1 - 10 Physics Facts·····P51 - 65
Human Body Facts···P11 – 22 Weather Facts·····P66 – 77
Technology Facts·····P23 - 30 Space Facts·····P78 - 83
Food Facts
Water Facts

Fact 1 Researchers have found the key to communi cating with your cat. They say cats will app ear friendlier to humans who use eyenarrow ing facial expressions.	Fact 2 Sharks might have the healthiest teeth among all animals. Sharks have a fluor ide coating on their teeth, and it keeps t he teeth from becoming bad. That's why most of our toothpaste has fluoride in it.
Fact 3 Earwax is made by the body to protect the e ars. It prevents dirty things from getting fart her into the ear. Earwax normally comes out of your ear naturally so it's not a good idea t o try to take it out yourself unless it is causi ng health problem.	Fact 4 When you play back the voice message s that you record, you might find that t hey sound different from, your speakin g voice. That is because when we speak, while our recorded voice passes through the air instead.

Word bank
eye-narrowing 眯起眼睛的
fluoride 氟化物
toothpaste 牙膏
earwax 耳垢
bone 骨头



根据材料内容选择最佳答案.

(1) What do Fact 1 and Fact 2 have in common?

- A. They talk about friendly animals. B. They mention humans' influence.
- C. They both belong to Animal Facts. D. They explain chemistry knowledge.
- (2) On which page may we read about Fact 3?
 - A. P15.
- B. P35.
- C. P63.
- D. P87.
- (3) What does our own voice we hear travel through when we're speaking?
 - A. The air.
- B. The teeth.
- C. The earwax.
 - D. The bones in ears.
- (4) Which of the following reviews by the readers is right about the text?
 - A. I understand now why most toothpaste has fluoride.
 - B. What a great surprise! Cats can narrow their eyes.
 - C. It helps me realize the importance of communication.
 - D. What a great book !I 've learned some ways to protect sharks.
- (5) Where is the text most probably from?
 - A. A guidebook. B. A science book, C. A film review. D. A shopping poster.
- Last weekend at the airport, I had some extra time before going through security to catch my flight. While wondering what to do, I decided it was the perfect time and place to look for an act of kindness to do.

Outside security there was a girl having flowers for sale. I told her that I'd like to buy flowers for someone else, and she could decide who to give them to. She looked a little confused, so I suggested perhaps she should give them to someone who looked a little sad. That was because he or she might need some cheering up.

At first, the girl answered. "That's crazy. "But then I explained a little more about the idea of doing something kind for a stranger, and she understood.

"Ill never know how it turns out, " I said. "But you will have the opportunity to make someone have a good day. " At the time, she started to seem excited about it.

She went to take the flowers out of the water they were sitting in, and I explained, "It's fine to leave them there until the person you want to cheer up comes."

At that point, I think she was between surprised and happy, because it might be her first time to meet a customer like me. I paid for the flowers, and joined in the security line. What a nice day I had!

Word bank
Security 安检
Confused 困惑的
author 作者

根据材料内容选择最佳答案.

- (1) Paragraph 2 mainly tells us that .
 - A. the author wanted to buy flowers for the girl.
 - B. the author wanted to buy flowers for someone that is happy
 - C. the author wanted the girl to buy flowers for herself.



	D. the author wanted to buy flowers from the girl.
(2)	Why did the author think the airport was the perfect place to do something kind?
	A. Because there were many people at the airport.
	B. Because he had some extra time to catch his flight.
	C. Because he was excited to take the plane.
	D. Because he thought the airport was very beautiful.
(3)	What did the girl think of the author at first?
	A. Kind. B. Crazy. C. Bored. D. Rich.
(4)	What did the girl do after she understood what the author's words?.
	A. She was too happy to say a word. B. She thought the author was a mad man.
	C. She went to take the flowers out of the water. D. She gave the flowers to the author
(5)	From the passage we know that .
	A. the author was a kind person B. the author liked the girl C. the girl liked flowers
	D. the girl was the author's friend.
	When we see well, we do not think about our eyes very often. It is only when we cannot
see p	perfectly that we realize how important our eyes are.
	People who are near-sighted can only see things that are very close to their eyes,
	rything else seems blurry (模糊的). Many people who do a lot of work, reading and sewir
beco	ome near – sighted.
	People who are far-sighted suffer from just the opposite problem. They can see things the
	ar away, but they have difficulty in reading a book unless they hold it at arm's length. If
they	want to do much reading, they must get glasses
92	Other people do not see clearly because their eyes are not exactly the right shape. They
have	e what is called astigmatism (散光). This, too (白内障). Long ago these people often
	me blind. Now, however
	Having two good eyes is important for judging distances. Each eye sees things from a
sligh	ntly different angle (角度). To prove this to yourself, look at an object our of one eye
(1)	We should take good care of our eyes
	A. only when we can see well B. only when we cannot see perfectly
	C. even if we can see well D. only when we realize how important our eyes are
(2)	When things far away seem indistinct (模糊不清), one is probably
	A. near-sighted B. far-sighted C. astigmatic D. suffering from cataracts
(3)	The underlined word suffer in the third paragraph probably means
	A. experience B. imagine C. feel pain D. are affected with
(4)	Having two eyes instead of one is particularly useful for
	A. seeing at night B. seeing objects far away C. looking over a wide area
	D. judging distances
(5)	People who suffer from astigmatism have
	A. one eye bigger than the other B. eyes that are not exactly the right shape
	C. a difficulty that can be corrected by an operation
	D. an eye difficulty that cannot be corrected by glasses



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What is 1	ife's greatest gift? It is choice.	Choice is the ability	to choose some actions from a
set of things to	o achieve a goal. (1)	The reason is tha	at it turns us from dumb animals
into artists. Cl	hoice becomes the tool we use	— to sculpt (雕刻) our	life. The tool doesn't come
free, however	(2) It is enjoymen	nt.	
2001 75 30 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	`		ve power of life. Life is always
	we have to make lots of choice		We often need to check where
			loser to my goals? If not, what
	ake now to make myself realize		
(4)	And our life becomes r	nore convenient or o	comfortable because of them.
\	you decide which stores to sho		
	we make to sculpt our lives are		
	re we understand the difference		
pleasure we w			
	ke a chess game. (5)	All chess lovers	realize that it isn't necessary to
			conditions. Then you can enjoy
your life.			
	Δ W/bx/i	s choice so great?	
		are is in the playing	
	C. In fact, we have		
	D. But when we accept and	l carry it out, we get	a great return.
	E. Every choice we make leads	us closer to or farth	ner from our goals.
9、语篇填空(月其正确形式填	E. Every choice we make leads 15小题,每小题10分,共15次之,使短文通顺、意思完整。	us closer to or farth 分)第一节阅读短 。每空限填一词,	er from our goals. 文,从方框中选择适当的词并 每词限用一次。
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	Word bank Pawn shop 当铺 appreciate 欣赏						
丘、	阅读短文,根据语篇要求填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。						
	Big data (数据) is a lot of sets of information which (1) put together so they can be used by a computer program. The computer program looks for different kinds of answers or patterns in the data.						
	Big data can be used in many ways. The government uses (2)to understand						
	how many people travel on buses or trains. This information is then used (3) make						
	bus or train systems better. Some schools use big data to understand which children may need						
6	extra help in class. Then the teacher can give certain students more help or support, (4)						
-	those students can succeed in the school. Companies use big data, too. It helps them						
	understand who buys their products. For example, one company uses weather data to see when						
ľ	people eat (5) most ice-cream.						
Ϋ,	补全对话(5小题,每小题10分,共10分)						
. 7	根据下面的对话情景, 在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子, 使对话的意思连贯、完整.						
I	A:Hey, Meimei, The Winter Olympics will be held in Beijing on February 4th in 2022. (1)						
_							
I	B:Yes. I really like watching the Winter Olympics.						
I	A:Me, too. And I also like the Olympic torch.						
I	B:There will be an opening ceremony on that day. (2)						
I	A:Really? I'm looking forward to it.						
I	B: (3)						
I	A: I love to watch team events.						
I	B:I enjoy watching both men's and women's skating. The skaters are so amazing.						
I	A: (4)						
I	B: I think so. That's why they are chosen to take part in the great game. And they also look so						
ł	beautiful and cool on the ice.						
I	A:(5)						
ŀ	B:OK. See you in Beijing.						
	Word bank						
	Torch 火炬						
	opening ceremony 开幕式						

七、书面表达(20分)

8. 学校组织过很多社会实践活动.请你写一篇不少于100词的短文,介绍一下你参加的一次活动.在这次活动中你去了哪里,做了什么

提示问题:

•Where did you go?



- What did you do during the activity?
- •How do you feel?

My Social Practice Activity