

扫码查看解析

2019-2020学年广东省惠州市八年级(上)期末试卷

汪	:			
_	、单项选择(每小	题 1 分, 共 10 分)	
1.	People wait	until the traffic light b	becomes green. That's	the traffic rule.
	A. must	B. can	C. need	D. may
2.	—What can I do for —I hope I have a nice		behind it.	
	A. of	B. with	C. by	D. to
3.	It's too cold outside t	oday. You'd better	your jacket.	
	A. put on	B. put up	C. take off	D. take after
4.	Let'swhat we	can do to save the an	imals.	
	A. find out	B. find	C. look for	D. look at
5.	Lucy can't go to the	party. Because she has	s a lot of things	_ for the coming exam
	A. does	B. doing	C. to do	D. not to do
6.	—No, you You are did and a second and a second are did as a			
	The food on the plYou can't eat it.A. delicious	ate smells B. badly	C. well	D. bad
8.	—How about		rents. B. go swimming D. to go swimmi	
9.	He a letter w	hen I came in.		
	A. is writing	B. was writing	C. wrote	D. writes
10	The teacher often te A. not to spend;wa		. .	spend;watch



D. not to spend; watching

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二、	完型	填空(本大题共)	10 小题,每小题	1 分, 共 10 分)	
11.	1. All parents love their children. Many parents want their kids to (1) well-known people				
	when they (2) Most of them want their kids to live better than others. Many of them				
	(3)	their kids will	be singers or actors	s. Actors and singers	s can (4) money easily
	in ou	r country. When the	y appear in the adve	ertisement (广告), tl	ney will get (5) money
	whic	h a farmer or a work	er can't make all his	s life. Some of the p	arents want their kids to be
	busin	nessmen (商人) (6)_	doctors. If th	ey work hard, they	will have cars and big houses
	in se	veral (7) Son	me parents want the	ir kids to work in ci	ities and towns. They don't
	(8)	them to work	in the countryside.	People who work in	the cities and towns can get
	mone	ey (9) they re	etire (退休). If you a	are a famous man, e	specially an actor, you'll get
	much	n but pay a little. A f	armer is (10)	_he gets little but	pays much.
	(1)	A. do	B. become	C. like	D. work
	(2)	A. grow up	B. get up	C. stand up	D. set up
	(3)	A. make	B. like	C. love	D. hope
	(4)	A. lose	B. make	C. remember	D. take
	(5)	A. many	B. a little	C. much	D. a few
	(6)	A. or	B. and	C. but	D. else
	(7)	A. days	B. weeks	C. years	D. months
	(8)	A. play	B. need	C. enjoy	D. want
	(9)	A. for	B. after	C. because	D. before
	(10)	A. happy	B. different	C. rich	D. lucky
三、	阅读	理解((每小题	2分,共30分)		
12.	OO	is one of the most pe	opular chat tools an	nong teenagers. We	regard it as an important chat
	 QQ is one of the most popular chat tools among teenagers. We regard it as an important chat tool in our daily life because it has some advantages. 				
	First, we can make lots of e-friends on QQ. It is easy to find the person who has the same				
	interest as us, and we can talk with him or her happily. Second, we can also join a QQ group to				
	find the information we need. For example, if we want to learn English well, we can choose a				
	group with many English lovers in it. Third, we can also play games with our friends on QQ				
	and always have fun.				
	QQ brings us a lot of benefits (益处), but it can also cause some problems. It's dangerous to				
	tell strangers on QQ our real personal information like telephone number, address and ID				
	number. If we spend too much time chatting online, it won't be good for our study and health.				
	(1) QQ is a kind of .				
		A. game	B. chat tool	C. book	D. TV programme
	(2)	Which of the follow	ving is NOT TRUE	according to the pa	ssage?
		A. We can get lots	of information on (QQ. B. We can mal	ke friends on QQ
		C. We can get even	rything on QQ. D.	We can play games	with friends on QQ.
	(3)	Sometimes QQ ma	y bring us some	if we don't use	it well.
		A. problems	B. benefits	C. interests	D. fun
	(4)	QQ will be good for	or us if		



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- A. we spend too much time chatting online.
- B. we get some useful information we need.
- C. we tell some strangers about our real telephone number.
- D. we tell some strangers about our real address and ID number
- (5) If we want to learn English well, we can .
 - A. do shopping on QQ. B. always chat in Chinese on QQ.
 - C. play games with our friends on QQ.
 - D. join a QQ group with many English lovers in it.
- 13. This is a song millions of Americans will hear this New Year's Eve. It is called Auld Lang Syne (《友谊地久夭长》). It is the traditional music played during the New Year's celebration. Auld Lang Syne is an old Scottish poem. It tells about the need to remember old friends.

The words "Auld Lang Syne" mean "old long since". No one knows who wrote the poem first. However, a version by Scottish poet Robert Burns was published (出版) in 1796. The words and music we know today first appeared in a songbook three years later.

The song is played in the United States mainly on New Year's Eve. The version (译文) you are hearing today is by the Washington Saxophone Quartet. As we end our program with Auld Lang Syne. I would like to wish all of our radio friends a very Happy New Year! This is Buddy Thomas.

- (1) Where is this passage from?
 - A. A newspaper. B. A magazine. C. A TV program. D. A radio program.
- (2) Who is introducing Auld Lang Syne to us?
 - A. Robert Burns. B. The Washington Saxophone Quartet. C. Buddy Thomas.
 - D. The passage doesn't tell us.
- (3) When is Auld Lang Syne mainly played in the USA according to the passage?A. On New Year's Eve. B. On Christmas Eve. C. On weekends. D. On holidays.
- (4) When did the words and music of Auld Lang Syne we know today first appear?
 - A. In 1790.
- B. In 1793.
- C. In 1796.
- D. In 1799.

- (5) What's Auld Lang Syne about?
 - A. It's about the history of Scotland. B. It's about an old Scottish poet.
 - C. It's about the need to remember old friends.
 - D. It's about the wishes to the radio friends.
- 14. If a snake bites you, take a photo with your mobile phone! It save your life. This is the surprising advice of a British cook. One day Henry Jackson was working in a restaurant kitchen. He picked up a dish from a table, and suddenly a snake appeared and bit him on the hand. A few days earlier, the snake came to the restaurant from Asia in a box of bananas. It climbed out of the box and hid under the dish. "I tried to pick it up and it bit me. I threw it away, but it landed in the fridge. So I closed the door. "Jackson said. Anyway, Jackson was cool and he took a photo of the snake with his mobile phone. Soon his hand began to ache and he went to hospital. Then his chest began to hurt. Doctors couldn't say what was wrong because they didn't know what kind of snake it was.



Then Jackson remembered his mobile phone photo. The doctors sent it to London Zoo. When they knew the kind of snake, they could give Jackson the right medicine, and he left hospital the next day. "So my advice is this:If a snake bits you, pick up your phone. Take its photo first and then call the hospital. Show the photo to the doctors, "suggests Mr. Jackson. "Oh, and if the snake doesn't smile for its photo, don't worry!"

	(1)	When the sr	nake bit Mr. Jackson	n, it was	•	
		A. hiding in	n a box of bananas	B. climbing out of a b	oox of bananas	
		C. lying un	der a dish D. clim	bing into the fridge		
	(2)	Mr. Jackson	threw the snake av	vay probably because		
		A. he was s	surprised B. he wa	nted to get a better pho	oto C. his chest bega	n to hurt
		D. the fridge	ge door was open			
	(3)	Mr. Jackson	closed the fridge d	oor so that	•	
				he snake couldn't go ba	ack to the zoo	
				he was safe from the s		
	(4)	The doctors	gave Mr. Jackson t	the right medicine whe	n .	
				t kind of snake it was		
		B. Mr. Jack	son sent the photo	to the hospital C. he l	eft hospital the next	day
		D. the snak	e bit him			
	(5)	The text tell	s us if we are in da	nger and have a phone	with us, it will help	us to do
			thing.			
		A. one	B. two	C. three	D. four.	
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			\$645.549 ABS 55		3050	70 Ya-€0 '\$ \mathred{0}
15.	I do	n't like to take	a walk in the stree	et because there is too r	nuch	(噪音).
16	Vou	should learn	to make	(笙记) in clas	s. It will help you to	learn well
10.	104	Siloula leath		(~C) III Clas	s. It will help you to	icarii wcii.
17.	Our	country has d	lone something to s	top population	(增长	ξ).
18.	Ton	y wants to wri				
			ite a	(报告) about the	writer.	
			ite a	(报告) about the	writer.	
			ite a	(报告) about the	writer.	
NAME (\$4.00)						
19.	The		ite a		writer. (问题).	



20.	Mum, could I	(邀请) my friends to	the party?	
21.	He doesn't have	(足够的) money	to buy the book.	
22.	Now more and more people i	realize the	(风险) of smoking.	
23.	I waited for my friend Davy a until six o'clock.	at the gate of the park. But	he did not((出现)
24.	Please(接受) my sincere (真诚的)) wish.	
六、	动词填空 (每小题 1 分,	共 10 分) 用所给动词的	为适当形式完成短文.	
25.	me (3) (clean) "Only two pence (便士), sir.' away. Tom knew this kind of He (5) (think) f for nothing." This time Mr M When the rich man put the of you if you (8)	boy. One day, a very rich rewatched his dirty shoes for your shoes, sir" Tom said. ' Mr Miser (4) The people well. They loved make a second and then called fiser agreed. And soon one ther before Tom, Tom said: (not pay), two pence for my went away. But to his surproduced (look) even (look) even (not walk) on farther. Find	"For nothing?" the rich man asked (shake) his head and then walk money very much and hated to spend, "I'd like (6) (clear of his shoes was shining brightly the I'T (7) (not clean) in any work." Mr Miser was very angular see, the well-cleaned shoe was so a dirtier. The people in the street land the rich man returned and gar	ser n. "Let ed. and it. it for ry. He bright aughed aughed
七、	翻译句子 (每小题 2 分,	共 10 分)		
26.	在课上我们应该注意听老师	戶的. (pay attention to)		

27. 这个故事发生在2012年。 (take place)



28.	中国以其悠久历史而闻名。(be famous for)
29.	他从自行车上掉下来,摔伤了胳膊。(fall off)
30.	我们不应该过分依赖于我们的父母. (depend on)